## LAST TWO VERSES OF SURAH BANI ISRAEEL

قُلِ ادْعُوا اللهَ أوِ ادْعُوا الرَّحْمٰنَ ﴿ اَيَّامَّا تَدْعُوْا فَلَهُ الْاَسْمَآ ءُ الْحُسْنَى ۚ وَلَا تَجْهَرُ بِصَلَاتِكَ وَلَا تُخَافِتَ بِهَا وَابْتَغِ بَيْنَ ذَٰلِكَ سَبِيْلًا ﴿ وَ قُلِ الْحَمْدُ لِلهِ الَّذِي لَمْ يَتَّخِذُ وَلَدًا وَّ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَّهُ شَرِيْكُ فِي الْمُلْكِ وَ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَّهُ وَابْتَغِ بَيْنَ ذَٰلِكَ سَبِيْلًا ﴿ وَ كُلِهُ مِنَ الدُّلِ وَ كَيِّرُهُ تَكُبِيرًا ﴿ اللَّهُ لِ وَكَيِّرُهُ تَكْبِيرًا ﴿ اللَّهُ لِ وَكَيِّرُهُ تَكْبِيرًا ﴿ اللَّهُ لِ وَكَيْرُهُ تَكْبِيرًا ﴿ اللَّهُ لَهُ مُ اللَّهُ لِ وَكَيْرُهُ تَكْبِيرًا ﴿ اللَّهُ لَا عَلَى اللَّهُ لَهُ مَنَ الدُّلِّ وَكَيْرُهُ تَكُبِيرًا اللهَ اللَّهُ لَهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ لَهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ لَا عَلَى اللَّهُ لَهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ لَهُ وَكَيْرُهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَهُ اللَّهُ لَا اللَّهُ لَا اللَّهُ لَا عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ لَا اللَّهُ اللَّالَةُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّالَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ الل

- 1. Hadhrat Ibn Abbaas هُنَوْنَسُلُونِ narrates that Rasulullah صَلَّالِسُّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ was asked regarding these aayaat (mentioned above). Rasulullah صَلَّاتُهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ replied, "It is a protection from theft."
- 2. One Saahaabi from the Muhaajireen used to recite these verses before going to sleep. One day a thief got into his house and gathered all his belongings and moved towards the door. This Muhaajir Sahaabi was awake (watching the entire scene). The thief came to the door and found the door locked. He placed the load down (trying to open the door). He did this thrice. The owner of the house laughed at this sight and said to him, "I have protected my house." (i.e. by reading these verses before sleeping) [Durre Mansoor Vol. 4 Page 373]
- 3. Hadhrat Abu Hurayrah رَحَوَلَيْكَهُ narrates that I once came out with Rasulullah رَحَوَلِينُهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ وَسَلَمٌ My hand was in his hand when we came upon a person who was dishevelled. Rasulullah صَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُ وَسَلَمٌ asked him, "O so and so. Why are you in such a condition?" He replied "Sickness and difficulty." Rasulullah صَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُ وَسَلَمٌ said to him, "Should I not teach you some words which will repel this sickness and pain. Say

تَوَكَّلْتُ عَلَى الْحَيِّ الَّذِيْ لَا يَمُوْتُ وَالْحَمْدُ لِلهِ الَّذِيْ لَمْ يَتَخِذْ وَلَدًا وَّ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَّهُ شَرِيْكُ فِي الْمُلْكِ وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ وَلِيٌّ مِّنَ الدُّلِّ وَكَبِّرُهُ تَكُبِيرًا

After some time he came to Rasulullah صَآلَاتُهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَالَةُ him a much better condition. Rasulullah مَالَّاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَالَةُ asked him, "What happened?" He replied, "I have not stopped reciting those words you have taught me."

- 4. Hadhrat Qatadah صَالَتُهُ عَلَيْهِ used to teach these aayaat to his family members, young and old. [Ibid]
- 5. Abdul Hameed ibn Waasil مَا مَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ saying that whomsoever recites these aayaat, Allah Ta'ala will record for him rewards equal to the earth and the mountains. This is because Allah Ta'ala says in the Qur-aan with regards to those who say that Allah Ta'ala has a son. عَكَادُ السَّمَٰوِثُ يَتَفَطَّرُنَ مِنْهُ وَتَنْشَقُّ الْاَرْضُ وَ تَخِرُّ الْجِبَالُ هَدًّا هَا اَنْ دَعَوُ اللِلرَّ حُمْنِ وَلَدًا (Translation: The skies are ready to burst, the earth to split and the mountains will fall down in utter ruin that they claim

(Translation: The skies are ready to burst, the earth to split and the mountains will fall down in utter ruin that they claim that Allah has a son).

[Tafseer-e-Qurtubi Page: 300]

NOTE: If we repel this claim of the unbelievers by reciting these aayaat why then will Allah Ta'ala not reward us accordingly?

5. Rasulullah صَيَّاتِتُهُ said, "Whenever I am sad, Jibreel عَلَيْهِ السَّلَامُ appears to me and he says, "Ya Muhammad Recite:

تَوَكَّلْتُ عَلَى الْحَيِّ الَّذِيْ لَا يَمُوْتُ وَالْحَمْدُ لِلهِ الَّذِيْ لَمْ يَتَّخِذُ وَلَدًا وَّ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَّهُ شَرِيْكُ فِي الْمُلْكِ وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَّهُ وَلِيُّ مِّنَ الذُّلِّ وَكَبِّرُهُ تَكْبِيرًا